PLAINTIFFS' MOTIONS IN LIMINE NOS. 4-13 AND MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT

Plaintiffs respectfully move this Honorable Court, *in limine*, to exclude from trial any testimony, documents or other evidence, argument, reference or mention, directly or indirectly regarding the following topics:

<u>NO. 4</u>

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
Mold or suspicions of mold in	The evidence at issue is not	Witnesses have testified that
XXX's home and/or any	relevant to the issues in this	XXX was concerned about
suggestion that this mold	case and therefore should not	mold in her home and
adversely affected her health	be admitted into evidence as	whether the mold was
or otherwise caused or	it would only confuse or	negatively impacting her
contributed to her death. This	mislead the jury, could cause	health. Following XXX's
would include any testimony	the jury to speculate and	death, Dr. XXX's office
or evidence related to XXX's	would unfairly prejudice the	ordered testing of a hair
hair being tested after her	Plaintiff. T.R.E. 401, 402, 403.	sample of XXX to rule out
death for the effects of mold		effects of toxic mold. Dr. XXX
or other toxins including those		testified that the test results
test results, Bates numbered		were essentially negative as
XXX 102-103 (attached as		they would relate to the issues
Exhibit A hereto).		in this case. None of the
		defendants have disclosed any
		expert opinions that would
		establish any link between the
		alleged mold and the issues of
		liability or causation in this
		case. Dr. XXX also did not
		identify the mold as the cause
		of XXX's death.

<u>NO. 5</u>

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
Testimony or other evidence	The evidence at issue is not	Witnesses have testified that
related to XXX's relationship	relevant to the issues in this	XXX and XXX had a
with her ex-husband XXX	case and therefore should not	tumultuous marriage. XXX
before, during and after their	be admitted into evidence as	and XXX were divorced before
marriage, other than the fact	it would only confuse or	the events giving rise to this
that they were married,	mislead the jury and would	lawsuit. XXX and XXX's
divorced and had their son	unfairly prejudice the Plaintiff.	relationship is not relevant to
XXX during their marriage. In	T.R.E. 401, 402, 403.	any of the issues in this case.
particular Plaintiff moves to		No expert witness has been
exclude evidence regarding		identified as having an opinion
allegations of domestic		that XXX played any role in
violence, photographs		XXXs death.
evidencing domestic violence,		
and/or death threats by XXX.		

<u>NO. 6</u>

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
Testimony or other evidence	The evidence at issue is not	The fact that XXX filed
related to the fact that XXX	relevant to the issues in this	bankruptcy is not relevant and
filed bankruptcy during her	case and therefore should not	may unfairly prejudice the
lifetime.	be admitted into evidence as	jury against XXX. There is no
	it would only confuse or	claim for lost earning capacity
	mislead the jury and would	in this case.
	unfairly prejudice the Plaintiff.	
	T.R.E. 401, 402, 403.	

<u>NO. 7</u>

Intentionally omitted.

<u>NO. 8</u>

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
Allegations or insinuations of	T.R.C.P. 56.05, 8.03	Defendants XXX and XXX pled
fault on the part of XXX.		the comparative fault of XXX
		in their answer. An order was
		entered on XXX, dismissing
		this affirmative defense.
		Given the Court's order, and

the fact that no other party
pled the comparative fault of
XXX, none of the Defendants
should be allowed to argue or
insinuate in any way that XXX
bears any fault for her
daughter's death.

NO. 9

EVIDENCE BASIS FOR OBJECTION DISCUSSION Defendants as well as Plaintiffs Argument or testimony to the In order to comment on the effect that, other than the absence of testimony by XXX's had the opportunity to Defendants, none of the subpoena XXX's medical medical providers, the evidence must show that the medical providers who cared providers to testify in this for XXX during her lifetime are missing witness was not case. Therefore, Defendants testifying during this trial. equally available to both should be precluded from parties and that it is more arguing or insinuating at trial likely that the testimony of the that the absence of testimony witness would favor the from those medical providers plaintiff than the defendant. suggests anything about how Bland v. Allstate Ins. Co., 944 those medical providers would S.W.2d 372, 379 (Tenn. Ct. have testified if called upon to App. 1996) (citation omitted); do so. In other words, see also Smith v. State, No. Defendants should be E2004-0737-COA-R3-CV, precluded from arguing or 2005 WL 589818, at *12 suggesting that the absence of (Tenn. Ct. App. Mar. 14, those medical providers' 2005) (case attached) testimony suggests that they (medical malpractice case would have disagreed with the holding that the plaintiff was Plaintiff with regard to any in not entitled to a missing issue in this case or would witness jury instruction on the have otherwise offered any basis of the defendant's failure additional factual information to call an LPN who made that the Plaintiff has chosen to notations in the plaintiff's keep from the jury. chart concerning plaintiff's injuries because, inter alia, "if Plaintiff wanted to call [the LPN] as a witness, Plaintiff was as free to do so as was

the [Defendant]."); Pinion v. Strait, No. 03A01-9101-CV-

00330, 1993 WL 266809, at	
*5 (Tenn. Ct. App. July 16,	
1993) (case attached)	
(holding in another medical	
malpractice case that the	
defendant's failure to call a	
doctor practicing in the same	
group who substituted for the	
defendant doctor in the	
treatment of the plaintiff did	
not support the application of	
the missing witness rule where	:
the witness was not	
unavailable to the plaintiff).	

NO. 10

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
XXX was a TennCare recipient.	The evidence at issue is not	The fact that XXX had medical
	relevant to the issues in this	benefits and the source of
	case and therefore should not	those benefits is not relevant.
	be admitted into evidence as it	Plaintiff will not be making a
	would only confuse or mislead	claim for medical expenses.
	the jury and would unfairly	
	prejudice the Plaintiff. T.R.E.	
	401, 402, 403.	

NO. 11

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
XXX was a recipient of social	The evidence at issue is not	The fact that XXX was a
security disability benefits.	relevant to the issues in this	recipient of social security
	case and therefore should not	disability benefits is not
	be admitted into evidence as it	relevant. Plaintiffs do not
	would only confuse or mislead	dispute that XXX was not
	the jury and would unfairly	working and was not able to
	prejudice the Plaintiff. T.R.E.	work at the time of the
	401, 402, 403.	incidents giving rise to this
		cause of action. Plaintiffs have
		not made a claim for lost
		wages or lost earning
		capacity. There is some social
		stigma associated with
		receiving social security

disability benefits and
therefore this evidence could
be unfairly prejudicial to
Plaintiffs.

NO. 12

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
XXX is a recipient of social	The evidence at issue is not	The fact that XXX receives
security death benefits as a	relevant to the issues in this	social security death benefits
result of his mother's death.	case and therefore should not	is not relevant.
	be admitted into evidence as it	
	would only confuse or mislead	
	the jury and would unfairly	
	prejudice the Plaintiff. T.R.E.	
	401, 402, 403.	

NO. 13

EVIDENCE	BASIS FOR OBJECTION	DISCUSSION
Testimony or other evidence	The evidence at issue is not	According to the medical
regarding the fact that XXX	relevant to the issues in this	records XXX left a single
left her dialysis treatment	case and therefore should not	dialysis treatment early. That
early on XXX, including Bates	be admitted into evidence as it	occurred on XXX. No party in
numbered pages XXX 85	would only confuse or mislead	this case has disclosed a
(attached as Exhibit B).	the jury and would unfairly	single expert opinion, nor has
	prejudice the Plaintiff. T.R.E.	anyone testified, that XXX's
	401, 402, 403.	leaving dialysis early on this
		single occasion had any effect
		on the issues of liability or
		causation in this case. There
		also appears to be no dispute
		that on XXX, XXX's dialysis
		was stopped and she was sent
		to the XXX Emergency
		Department on the order of
		her nephrologist. If, the fact
		that XXX left dialysis early on
		XXX, were admitted into
		evidence it could confuse or
		mislead the jury regarding
		what happened on the
		relevant date in this case

	and/or could cause the jury to
	speculate.

NOTICE OF HEARING

THIS MOTION IS EXPECTED TO BE HEARD ON XXX AT XXX A.M. ON THE COURT'S REGULAR MOTION DOCKET. FAILURE TO FILE AND SERVE A TIMELY RESPONSE MAY RESULT IN THE MOTION BEING GRANTED WITHOUT FURTHER HEARING.